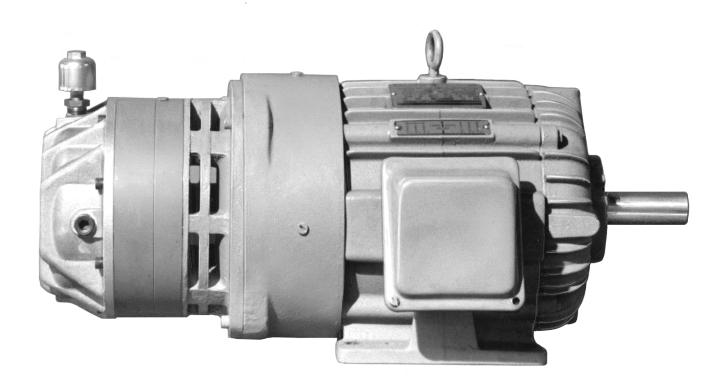


SERVICE MANUAL AND REPAIR PARTS

FOR
Posistop® Motor Brakes
Models:
MB-180 and MB-210/210L





WARNING - Read this manual before any installation, maintenance or operation.

MANUFACTURERS OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL POWER TRANSMISSION EQUIPMENT

Limited Warranty

SPECIAL 24 MONTH WARRANTY

Upon written approval of the application by Force Control Industries, Inc. the Standard Warranty period will be extended to 24 months from date of shipment.

Force Control Industries, Inc. ("Force Control") warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal and proper use for a period of one year from the date of shipment. Any products purchased from Force Control that upon inspection at Force Control's factory prove to be defective as a result of normal use during the one year period will be repaired or replaced (at Force Controls' option) without any charge for parts or labor. This limited warranty shall be void in regard to any product or part thereof which has been altered or repaired by a buyer without Force Control's previous written consent or (2) any product or part thereof that has been subjected to unusual electrical, physical or mechanical stress, or upon which the original identification marks have been removed or altered. Transportation charges for shipping any product or part thereof that the buyer claims is covered by this limited warranty shall be paid by the buyer. If Force Control determines that any product or part thereof should be repaired or replaced under the terms of this limited warranty it will pay for shipping the repaired or replaced product or part thereof back to the buyer. EXCEPT FOR THE EXPRESS WARRANTY SET OUT ABOVE, FORCE CONTROL DOES NOT GRANT ANY WARRANTIES EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR USE. The warranty obligation set forth above is in lieu of all obligations or liabilities of Force Control for any damages. Force Control specifically shall not be liable for any costs incurred by the buyer in disconnecting or re-installing any product or part thereof repaired or replace under the limited warranty set out above. FORCE CONTROL EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES ALL LIABILITY FOR ANY INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES THE BUYER MAY SUSTAIN IN CONNECTION WITH THE DELIVERY, USE, OR PERFORMANCE OF FORCE CONTROL PRODUCTS. Under no circumstances shall any liability for which Force Control is held responsible exceed the selling price to the buyer of the Force Control products that are proven to be defective. This limited warranty may be modified only in writing signed by a duly authorized officer of the company. This limited warranty applies exclusively to Force Control products; warranties for motors and gear reducers and other component parts may be provided by their respective manufactures. Any legal action for breach of any Force Control warranty must be commenced within one year of the date on which the breach is or should have been discovered.

A Return Goods Authorization (RGA) number must be obtained from the factory and clearly marked on the outside of the package before any equipment will be accepted for warranty work. Force Control will pay the shipping costs of returning the owner parts that are covered by warranty.

Force Control believes that the information in this document is accurate. The document has been carefully reviewed for technical accuracy. In the event that technical or typographical errors exist, Force Control reserves the right to make changes to subsequent editions of this document without prior notice to holders of this edition. The reader should consult Force Control if errors are suspected. In no event shall Force Control be liable for any damages arising out of or related to this document or the information contained in it.

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Section 1 DESCRIPTION & OPERATION

1-1 THE OIL SHEAR PRINCIPLE

Conventional clutches and brakes depend on the friction between solid surfaces operating in air to transmit torque. Friction does the job, but produces a great amount of **HEAT and WEAR**, causing an increase in replacement parts, breakdown and maintenance time.

OIL SHEAR TECHNOLOGY was pioneered by Force Control in 1959 and resulted in one of the most energy efficient brake/clutch/variable speed drive systems available today.

In 1970 Force Control introduced an integral oil pump, which requires no additional parts. This oil pump forces a positive oil feed from the center of the brake disc stack to "Float" the friction surfaces in a continuously circulating bath of oil.

The oil molecules tend to cling to each other and also to the friction surfaces. As moving and stationary surfaces are brought together, a thin but positive film of oil is maintained between them and is controlled by the clamping pressure and grooves designed into the braking surfaces.

TORQUE is transmitted from one surface to the other through the viscous shear of the oil film. The braking surfaces are protected by this oil film, which reduces wear and effectively transmits heat away from the braking surfaces.

...thus brake wear is greatly reduced along with all routine maintenance common to conventional dry motorbrakes.

A PERIODIC OIL CHANGE IS ALL THAT IS REQUIRED FOR NORMAL MAINTENANCE.

1-2 DESCRIPTION

Posistop Motor Brakes are multiple surface, spring activated, pneumatic release braking devices that effectively dissipate the heat generated from electric motors requiring frequent starting and stopping.

FORCE CONTROL provides 6 Models of *Posistop* Motor Brakes to meet your individual requirements for deceleration torque, thermal dissipation and static torque.

This Manual covers the 3 smaller sizes or models MB-180, MB-210 & MB-210L. For information on other sizes and models not covered in this manual, contact the Force Control Factory or your Force Control Representative.

1-3 FEATURES

(See Figure 1-1)

- NEMA-C STANDARD FLANGE MOUNTING to any suitable double shaft drive motor
- "COLLET" LOCKING ELEMENT for a positive selflocking, keyless hub mounting with high torque transmitting capabilities.

"COLLET" ADVANTAGES:

- **1. CONVENIENT EASY MOUNTING -** No press fits or costly machining necessary. Allows use of commercial tolerance motor shafts.
- 2. EASY RELEASING AT DISASSEMBLY

3.TOTALLY SELF CENTERING

- **4. FULL SHAFT STRENGTH -** Since no metal Is removed, stress concentrations are avoided permitting shafts to retain their full strength.
- INTERNAL CENTRIFUGAL TYPE OIL PUMP -Maintains positive oil film between braking surfaces without external pumping devices.
- MULTIPLE BRAKING DISC STACK At the heart of your Posistop Motor Brake Is a multiple braking disc stack consisting of drive plates, keyed to the piston housing and friction discs, splined to the drive hub.
 - **AS A RESULT, THE TORQUE** is distributed along the hub rather than on a single braking surface reducing the heat and wear on each brake disc.

1-4 OPERATION

The *Posistop* Motor Brake Cross Section (*Figure 1.1*) shows the brake in the normally spring loaded braking position.

Compressed air, controlled by external valving, enters the piston housing and moves the piston to disengage the brake stack, allowing the drive motor to rotate freely.

When the air pressure is released the piston (spring loaded) returns to the normal braking position.

MOTOR BRAKE CROSS SECTION

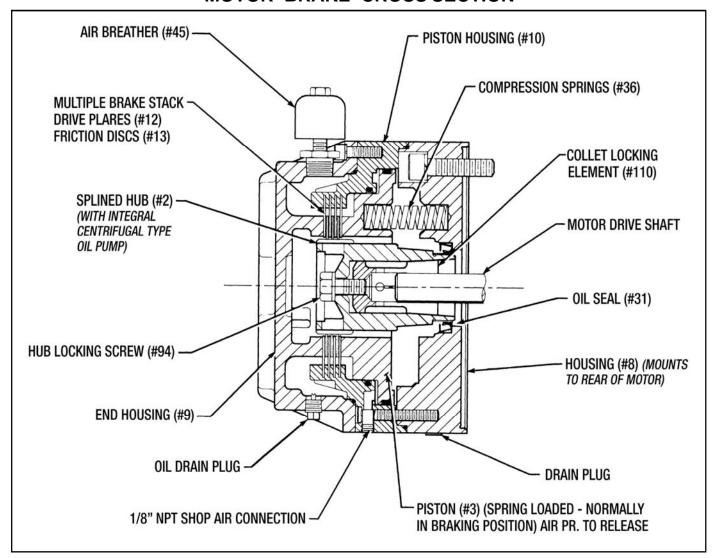


Figure 1.1 - Motor Brake Cross Section

Section 2 SPECIFICATIONS

2-1 DIMENSIONS

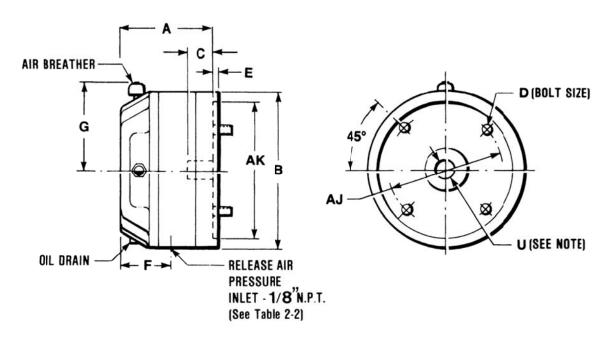


Figure 2.1 - Dimensions

					DIMENSI	ONS (Inc	ches)					OIL	
MODEL No.	Α	В	(D	Е	F	G	U	AJ	AK	CAP.	WEIGHT
		MIN.	MAX.	U	L	Г			AJ	AN	(Qts.)	(Lbs.)	
MB-180	6-1/8	8-13/16	1-3/4	2-3/4	3/8-16	1/4	3-3/8	5-3/4	7/8	5-7/8	4-1/2	1	40
WIB-100	0-170	0-13/10	1-5/4	2-5/4	3/0-10	1/4	3-3/0	J-3/ 4	1-1/8	5-170	T-1/2	•	7
									7/8				
MB-210	6-1/8	8-13/16	1-3/4	2-3/4	1/2-13	3/16	3-3/8	5-3/4	1-1/8	7-1/4	8-1/2	1	45
									1-3/8				
									7/8				
MB-210L	6-7/8	8-13/16	2-1/2	3-1/2	1/2-13	3/16	3-3/8	5-3/4	1-1/8	7-1/4	8-1/2	1	45
									1-3/8				

Table 2.1 - Dimensions

NOTE: Consult the Force Control Factory or your Force Control Representative for Non-Standard Bore Sizes not listed and for Thru-Shaft Configurations.

2-2 OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS TORQUE CAPACITY

Given below are 5 different Assembly Configurations (A, B, C, D and E) for the Drive Plates (#12), Friction Discs (#13) and Springs (#36). Different Assembly

Configurations are used to obtain different Torque Capacity Requirements.

Refer to Table 2.2 below for your Torque Requirements and other related specifications.

See Installation of Drive Plates and Friction Discs in Section 3 on Page 8 for Assembly Procedure.

MOTOR BRAKE TORQUE ASSEMBLY CONFIGURATIONS

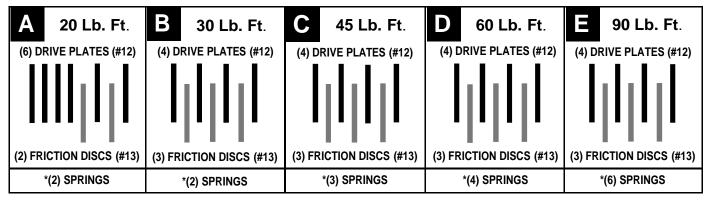


Figure 2.2 - Motor Brake Torque Assembly Configurations

 Denotes quantity of Compression Springs (#36) used for this specific torque requirement. See Section 3-6 Piston Housing Assembly to Housing on page 7 for spring placement.

MOTOR BRAKE OPERATING TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL	NOMINA L STATIC TORQUE (Lb. Ft.)	NOMINA L DYNAMIC TORQUE	TORQUE ASSEMBLY CONFIG. (See Above)	PRESSURE TO RELEASE (PSIG)	CYCLIC WK ² (PSIG)	THERMAL RATING (HP/Sec/Min)	PISTON VOLUME (Cu. In.)
	20	17	А	20			
	30	26	В	20			
MB-180	45	39	С	28	.034	25	3
	60	52	D	35			
	90	78	E	51			
	20	17	Α	20			
MD 040	30	26	В	20			
MB-210 MB-210L	45	39	С	28	.034	25	3
IVID-Z IVL	60	52	D	35			
	90	78	E	51			

Figure 2.2 - Operating Torque Specifications

Contact Force Control Factory or your Force Control Representative for additional information on different torque ratings and assembly configurations not listed in this manual.

Maximum Speed - 1800 RPM

Section 3 INSTALLATION

IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

THE BRAKE UNITS DESCRIBED IN THIS MANUAL MUST NOT BE INSTALLED IN ANY MANNER EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED HEREIN, AND MUST NOT BE OPERATED AT SPEEDS, TORQUE LOADS OR TEMPERATURES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL. FAILURE TO LIMIT OPERATION OF THE BRAKES TO THE CONDITIONS SPECIFIED COULD DAMAGE THE UNITS, MAY CAUSE MALFUNCTION OR DAMAGE TO INTERCONNECTING EQUIPMENT AND VOID THE WARRANTY.

WARNING

The following precautions must be taken if the installation of the Posistop Motor Brake is to be a retrofit for an existing application. Before attempting any Installation, open the motor disconnect, shut off the control electrical supply and shut off the air supply then lock them out to avoid the possibility of personal injury.

NOTE - The *Posistop* Motor Brake has been partially assembled at the factory for ease of shipment. Partial disassembly will be necessary to assemble the brake to the motor.

The installation text covers the complete assembly In the event the brake must be completely disassembled and reassembled.

The sections of the Installation procedures that do not apply to Initial installation of the motor brake are noted as being pre- assembled.

During Installation see *Figure 8-1* for a visual reference of parts.

3-1 HOUSING TO MOTOR DRIVE

- 1. First check the motor shaft for any nicks or burrs. Clean-up and de-burr as necessary.
 - Place a piece of masking tape over the motor shaft keyway to protect the oil seal #31 during installation of the Housing (#8).
- 2 Place the Housing (#8) onto the motor pilot flange with the Drain Plug (#64) located at the bottom (See Figure 8.1).

CAUTION

DO NOT REST THE WEIGHT OF THE HOUSING (#8) ON THE MOTOR SHAFT. The sealing lip of the Oil Seal (#31) could be damaged causing leakage and premature failure of the motor brake.

REQUIRED TORQUE:

MB-180 (4) 3/8-16 soc. hd. cap screws 30 Lb. Ft. MB-210 (4) 1/2-13 Soc. Hd. Cap Screws 40 Lb. Ft.

Check visually to make sure the sealing lip of the Oil Seal (#31) is undamaged. Remove tape from the keyway.

3-2 HUB ASSEMBLY TO MOTOR SHAFT

CAUTION

DO NOT USE MOLYBDENUM DISULPHIDE "MOLYKOTE" OR ANY OTHER SIMILAR LUBRICANT ON THE SHAFT. The collet hub locking element is keyless and depends on friction to transmit torque from the brake to the shaft.

- 1.. The Collet (#110) is installed in Hub (#2) with Hex Hd. Cap Screw (#94) at the factory. To install the hub onto the shaft, remove Hex Hd. Cap Screw (#94) and Washer (#81) and coat the threaded end with LOCTITE THREADLOCKER #271 (or equal), and reinstall the Screw (#94) and Seal Washer (#81), but do not tighten. The collet must be loose in its bore.
- 2 Apply a light coat of Vaseline or equivalent to the Wear Sleeve (#32). This will facilitate sliding the hub into the seal.
- Make sure the collet is loose in its bore, if not. back the Hex Hd. Cap Screw (#94) out slightly and push it forward to push the collet toward the end of the hub, this will dislodge the collet from the tapered bore.

3-3 HUB ALIGNMENT

- 1. Tape a steel straightedge to the outer face of the housing as shown in *Figure 3.1* on the next page.
- Tap the hub lightly to align the proper shoulder of the hub with the housing face (straightedge). This alignment should be within plus or minus 1/64" (See Figure 3.2 on the next page).
- 3. After the hub has been properly positioned retain It from turning and tighten Hex Hd. Cap Screw (#94) (See Figure 3.2) for proper torque reading.

RE-CHECK THE ALIGNMENT - If It is within tolerance, remove straightedge.

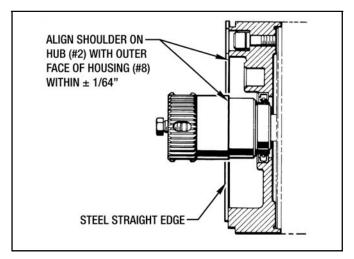


Figure 3.1 - Hub (#2) Alignment

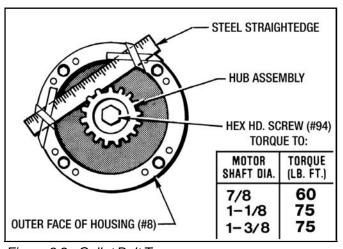


Figure 3.2 - Collet Bolt Torque

3-4 PISTON HOUSING ASSEMBLY (Pre-Assembled)

NOTE - This part of the brake is preassembled and does not need to be taken apart. At initial installation skip to 35 PISTON HOUSING ASSEMBLY TO HOUSING below.

- Lubricate the O-Ring (#39) and the Liner (#42) with Vaseline or equivalent and place them into the I.D. groove of the Piston Housing (#10).
- 2. Lubricate the (2) O-Rings (#40) and the Liner (#43) with Vaseline or equivalent and place them in the O.D. groove on piston #3.
- 3. Place the Piston (#3) into the Piston Housing (#10).

3-5 PISTON HOUSING ASSY. TO HOUSING

(See Figures 3.3 and 3.4)

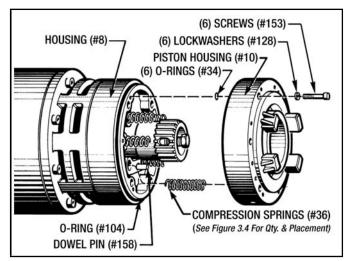
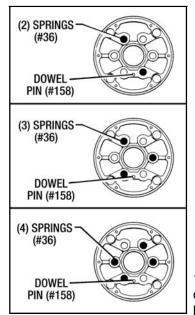


Figure 3.3 - Mounting Piston Housing Assembly

- 1. Lubricate the O-ring (#104) with Vaseline or equivalent and place It on Housing (#8.)
- 2. Place correct number of Springs (#36) Into spring pockets in the housing. Install Dowel Pin (#158) into Housing (#8) See *Figure 3.4* below for quantity used and arrangement).



3. Lubricate the (6) O-Rings (#34) with Vaseline or equivalent and install them into the counter bored recesses in the Piston Housing (#10.)

4. Carefully place the Piston Housing Ass'y. guiding the Springs (#36) into the mating pockets in the Piston (#3), onto the mating flange of the Housing (#8).

Also make sure that the 1/8" N.P.T. shop air connection in the piston housing Is located at the bottom.

Figure 3.4 - Spring Location

 Secure the piston housing assembly with the (6) Soc. Hd. Cap Screws (#153) and Lockwashers (#128). Torque down evenly to 22 Lb. Ft.

WARNING

The Piston Housing Assembly is now under spring pressure and care must be taken at disassembly to remove the (6) Soc. Hd. Cap Screws (#153) evenly until the spring pressure is relieved.

3-6 INSTALLATION OF DRIVE PLATES AND FRICTION DISCS

USE THE ASSEMBLY SEQUENCE SHOWN BELOW FOR THE STATIC TORQUE Lb. Ft. REQUIRED.

- ing on the torque configuration. Torque configuration "A" has two drive plates with rivets and Torque Configurations "B", "C", "D" and "E" have three drive plates with rivets.
- Install Separator Springs (#17) on Drive Plates (#18) (See Figure 3-8). Simply snap the springs over the large end of the rivets in Drive Plates (#18.) Install four springs per drive plate.
- Do not install separator springs on the first Drive Plate (#12) (See Figure 8.1). When installing the drive plates, place Drive Plate (#12) in the brake first.

MOTOR BRAKE TORQUE ASSEMBLY CONFIGURATIONS

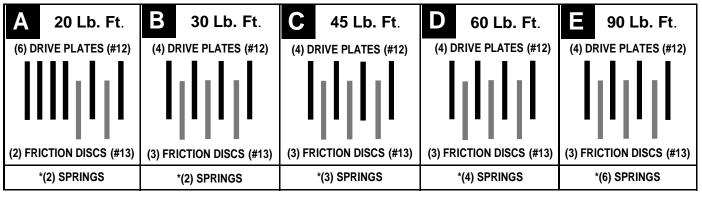


Figure 3.5 - Motor Brake Torque Assembly Configurations

- 1. Apply 60 P.S.I. of shop air to the 1/8" N.P.T. shop air connection at the bottom of the piston housing assembly so the piston will retract fully.
- 2 While air pressure is being applied, install Drive Plates (#12) and Friction Discs (#13) as determined by *Figure 3.5* above.

ASSEMBLY TIPS:

One side of the steel drive plates has a slight radius on all edges due to the manufacturing process.

Install the radius side first, tilting the drive plate slightly to get it started.

The friction discs will also start onto the splined hub more easily if tilted slightly.

3-7 INSTALLATION OF SEPARATOR SPRINGS

Vertically mounted motor brakes require the use of Separator Springs. The Separator Springs (#17) are used to prevent residual drag.

1. Vertically mounted motor brakes have drive plates with rivets, the number of plates with rivets depend-

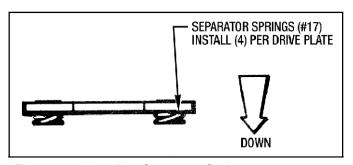


Figure 3.6 - Installing Separator Springs

NOTE - On Vertical Brake Down Units there are (2) #1024 X 1/2" Lg. Socket Set Screws (# 154) installed in the Piston Housing to retain the Brake Stack during Disassembly and Reassembly procedure. (See Figure 3-7 on next page.)

3-8 END HOUSING TO BRAKE ASS'Y.

- 1. Lubricate O-Ring (#30) with a light coating of Vaseline or equivalent and place it on the Piston Assembly Shoulder (See Figure 3.8 on next page).
- 2 Place the End Housing (#9) onto the Piston Housing Assembly.

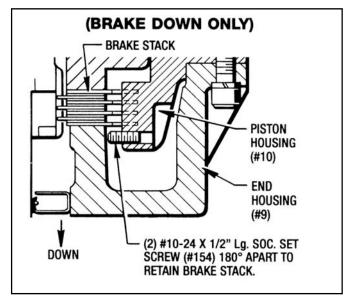


Figure 3.7 - Brake Stack Down

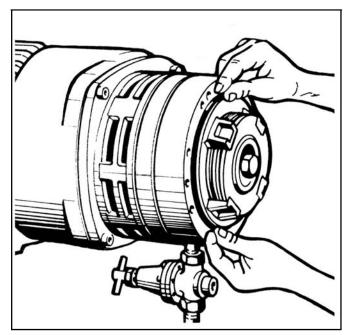


Figure 3.8 - Installing O-Ring (#30)

NOTE - Install Breather (#45) and Reducer Bushing (#76) on top of End Housing (#9) (See Figure 8.1).

3. Attach the End Housing with (8) Soc. Hd. Cap Screws (#72) and Lockwashers (#128) to a torque reading of 15 Lb. Ft.

IT IS NOW SAFE TO RELEASE THE PISTON AIR PRESSURE.

4. Check the end housing to see if Sight Gauge (#46), Air Breather (#45), Drain Plug (#74), Pipe Plug (#75) and End Plug (#73) are installed tightly.

NOTE - For Vertical Mounting of your motor brake see Section 3-9

- 5. Add Automatic Transmission Oil (Mobil ATF 210) until oil level is in center of the Sight Gauge (#46).
- 6. Install appropriate external pneumatic valving (See page 16 for typical pneumatic schematic).

Your Posistop Motor Brake is now ready to operate.

3-9 VERTICAL MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

A. VERTICAL MOUNTING BRAKE UP

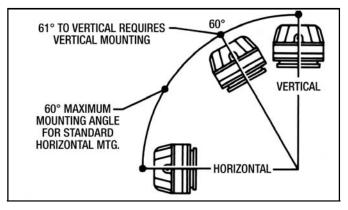


Figure 3.9 - Horizontal/Vertical Mounting Angles

- See Page 8, Section 3-7 for installation of Separator Springs (#17) on Drive Plates (#12).
- 2. Remove 1/8" Pipe Plug (#73) from End Housing (#9). (See Figure 8.1).
- 3. Remove Air Breather (#45) and Reducing Bushing (#76) from End Housing (#9). (See Figure 8.1)
- 4. Install Air Breather (#266) into End Housing (#9) along with bell reducer and nipple, furnished with vertical kit (See Figure 3.10).

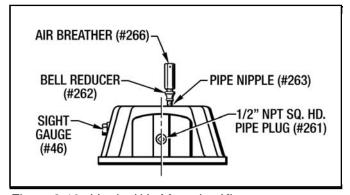


Figure 3.10 - Vertical Up Mounting Kit

NOTE - The Reducer Bushing (#76) is not used for Vertical Mounting.

5. Remove Sight Gauge (#46) from End Housing (#9) (See Figure 8.1) and install it into the 1/2" N.P.T. hole where the Air Breather (#45) was located (See Figure 3.10)

6. Plug old sight gauge hole with a 1/2" N.P.T. Sq. Hd. Pipe Plug (#261) (See Figure 3.10). This plug is furnished with the Vertical Mounting Kit.

NOTE - USE PIPE SEALANT WITH TEFLON ON ALL PIPE THREADS.

B. VERTICAL MOUNTING BRAKE DOWN

1. See Page 8, Section 3-7 for Installation of Separator

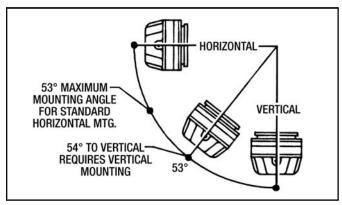


Figure 3.11 - Horizontal/Vertical Mounting Angles

Springs (#17) on Drive Plates (#12).

- 2. Remove Oil Sight Gauge (#46) (See Figure 8.1). Install 90 Degree Elbow (#264), Nipple (#69) and Pipe Plug (#267) (See Figure #3.12).
- 3. Remove Air Breather (#45) and Reducing Bushing (#76) (See Figure 8.1). Install Pipe Plug (#261) (See Figure 3.11).
- 4. Remove Pipe Plug (#64) from Housing (#8) (See Figure 8.1). Install 90 Degree Elbow (#265) and Breather (#266) (See Figure 3.12).

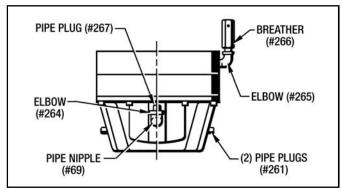


Figure 3.12 - Vertical Down Mounting Kit

5. Oil Sight Gauge (#46), Air Breather (#45) and Reducer Bushing (#76) are not used.

NOTE - USE PIPE PLUG SEALANT WITH TEFLON ON ALL PIPE THREADS.

SECTION 4 LUBRICATION

4-1 CHECKING THE OILLEVEL

Check the oil level when the drive is installed and weekly thereafter (until experience dictates otherwise). Always check the oil level with the unit stationary (not running). NOTE - Oil Gauge (#46) and Pipe Plug (#75) may be reversed so that level is visible from other side.

With units mounted vertically brake down, the oil level is to be just below the top of Elbow (#264.)

4-2 CHANGING THE OIL

Every twelve (12) months remove Drain Plug (#74) and (#64) at bottom of the End Housing (#9) and Housing (#8). Drain all oil before refilling. More frequent oil

change may be required on high kinetic energy applications or in extremely dirty environments.

Check the Oil Sight Gauge (#46) for dirt. Remove and clean if necessary. Replace the drain plugs. Refill unit with clean oil up to the center of the sight gauge. Approximate capacities are listed on page 3.

CAUTION

Do not overfill with oil. Excess oil will cause the unit to overheat.

4-3 TYPE OF OIL

Use Automatic Transmission Fluid, Mobil ATF-210 (type F) or Mobil Multi-Purpose ATF.

Section 5 OPERATIONAL CHECKS

WARNING

Make Operational Checks ONLY when the drive motor and motor brake are NOT IN OPERATION. Open motor disconnect and LOCK IT OUT to avoid personal injury.

- 1. If automatic controls are used, make provisions for Manual Operation.
- 2. Remove Air Breather (#45) and Reducer Bushing (#76) from End Housing (#9). Do not remove while motor is operating.
- 3. Apply 60 P.S.I. air pressure to the brake and observe the action of the piston through the air breather port. If the piston action is irregular, or if it tends to stick or bind, internal damage may be indicated.
- 4. Listen and look for air bubbles in the oil, which would indicate piston leakage.
- 5. If the piston moves slowly and leaks are evident, the piston seals may be damaged.
- 6. Exhaust the air pressure and observe that the piston returns quickly and smoothly back to normal braking position.
- 7. Re-install the Reducer Bushing (#76) and the Air Breather (#45) back into the End Housing (#9).

Section TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
A. Brake fails to engage properly.	Piston sticking or binding	Disassemble to extent necessary and inspect for damaged parts.
	Weak or broken spring.	Replace as needed.
	Air pressure not exhausting or slow in exhausting.	Check air regulator valve and replace if necessary.
	Worn friction surfaces.	Check parts for wear and replace if necessary.
B. Brake engages too quickly.	Low oil level.	Check oil level and correct.
C. Noise and vibration.	Improper or loose mounting of the drive motor.	Check mounting and correct. If partial disassembly is required, refer to Installation Section 3
D. Brake fails to engage properly.	Low air pressure.	Increase pressure (See Table 2.2)
	Piston sticking or binding.	Disassemble to extent necessary and inspect for damaged parts.
	Air regulator valve not functioning properly.	Check valve operation and replace if necessary.
E. Unit overheats (Temperature over 225° F)	Brake not engaging or disengaging properly, causing excessive slippage.	Refer to Troubles A and D.
,	Improper oil level	Check oil level and add or drain as necessary.
F. Oil leakage.	Oil seal lip damaged.	Check for oil leaking around shaft. Replace Oil Seal if necessary.
	O-Ring seals.	Tighten all external bolts.
G. Oil leaking at breather.	Damaged seal around piston.	Disassemble and replace.
	Oil level too high.	Drain excess oil.
H. Brake does not repeat.	Air pressure changed.	Check and adjust air pressure.
	* Oil temperature changed.	Check temperature.

^{*} For installations requiring precise starting and stopping, operating temperatures are important. Operating temperatures between 116° F and 165° F are recommended.

Section REPAIR

7-1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Unless the brake Is to be completely overhauled, It should be disassembled only to the extent necessary to gain access to the worn or damaged parts.

Follow the sequence and procedures set forth In Section 3, INSTALLATION for both disassembly and reassembly of the Motor Brake, noting the following for hub removal.

When hub removal is required, remove Hex Hd. Cap Screw (#94). It may be necessary to apply heat to Hex Hd. Cap Screw (#94) to release the bond of the sealant. Install a _"-13 x 3/4" long socket set screw into the Collet (#110). Install a 5/8-11 x 2" long Hex Hd. Cap Screw into the Hub (#2). Turn the 5/8" Hex Hd. Cap Screw to push the hub off of the collet.

7-2 CLEANING AND INSPECTION

Clean metal parts in a suitable solvent and dry with low pressure compressed air. Clean drive plates and friction discs one at a time, keeping parts in the same order as they were when removed. After cleaning, inspect parts for cracks, distortion, scoring, nicks, burrs or any other damage that would affect the operation of the brake. Pay particular attention to the following:

- 1. Check the Friction Discs (#13) wear surfaces for scoring, galling or evidence of uneven wear.
- 2. Check the brake Drive Plates (#12) for scoring or galling. Make sure they are flat. If a perceptible ridge is worn in the drive plate where it mates with the friction disc, it should be replaced.
- Carefully check the piston and bore surfaces for nicks, scratches, scoring or other damage, which would affect operation or cause leakage.
- Pay particular attention to the Wear Sleeve (#32) and Oil Seal (#31), checking for any nicks, scratches or any damage that would cause leakage.

WARNING

Petroleum based cleaning solvents are extremely flammable. Open flames or smoking by any personnel in the vicinity of these solvents is extremely hazardous and MUST NOT BE PERMITTED.

7-3 REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT

A fine stone or crocus cloth may be used to remove minor surface defects from parts, If the operation or sealing action of the part Is not affected. The use of coarser abrasives or other machining methods should not be attempted. Otherwise, damaged parts should be replaced. Replacement Is recommended for the following parts when needed.

- 1. Replace all O-rings, Piston Liners and Oil Seals removed during disassembly.
- 2. Replace brake discs and plates as a complete set.

7-4 REASSEMBLY

Note the following general reassembly Instructions as applicable:

- Lubricate O-rings, liners and the lip of the oil seal with a light coating of Vaseline or equivalent immediately before assembly and installation of mating parts.
- 2. External O-ring liners will be easier to Install If heated in an oven to approx. 200°F max.
- 3. The installation of press-fitted parts can also be made easier by heating the outside part In an oven.

CAUTION USE SUITABLE GLOVES WHEN HANDLING HEATED PARTS.

4. Immediately before assembly, thoroughly clean screw threads with Loctite Safety Solvent. At assembly apply Loctite 242 (or equivalent) to all screw threads. Use this adhesive sparingly and wipe offany excess.

Section ORDERING REPAIR PARTS

8-1 GENERAL INFORMATION

This section lists, describes and illustrates all available repair parts for the Force Control *Posistop* Motor Brake.

The models covered in this manual are:

MB-180 o MB-210 o MB-210L

Parts are identified on the exploded view drawing (Figure 8.1) with Part Reference Numbers. These numbers are the same as used in the parts listing.

This Name Plate Is located on the piston housing. Motor Brake Serial Number Motor Brake Model Number (See next page) Force Control Industrie's, ir Model No. Posistop* Brake Serial No. Use Mobil*ATF 210 Type F For Service/Parts Call:513-868-0900 Type of Oil Used

8-3 ORDERING REPAIR PARTS

When ordering any repair parts. please specify all of the following information:

- 1. COMPLETE MODEL NUMBER (On Name plate)
- 2. SERIAL NUMBER (On Name plate)
- 3. PART REFERENCE NUMBER (From Parts List and Exploded View Drawing)
- 4. PART NAME (From Parts List)
- 5. QUANTITY (As Required)
- 6. COMPLETE SHIPPING INFORMATION

IMPORTANT - Failure to include all of the above information will only delay your parts order. Unless another method is specified for Shipping Information, parts weighing less than 150 lbs. will be shipped United Parcel Service. Parts weighing over 150 lbs. will be shipped motor freight. Air freight and other transportation services are available but only if specified on your order.

8-4 FACTORY REBUILD SERVICE

Reconditioning Service is offered by Force Control Industries at the factory. Before returning a unit for this service, be sure to first contact the Service Sales Department at Force Control Indus. for authorization and shipping Instructions. Force Control cannot be responsible for any units returned to the factory without prior notice and authorization.

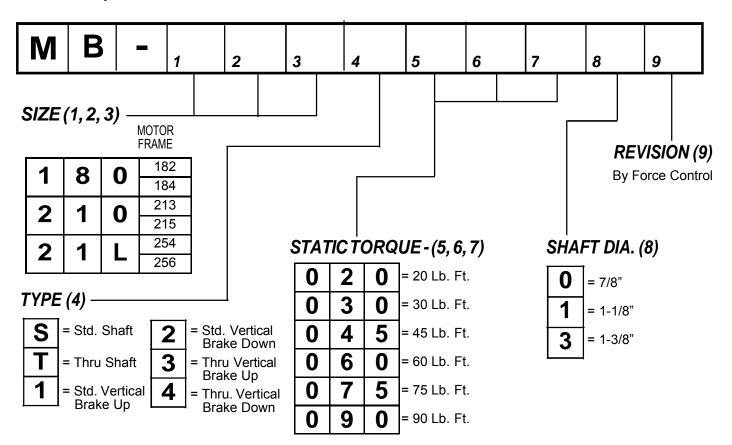
Care must be given to the packaging of returned units. Always protect mounting feet and flanges by attaching to a suitable skid. Shipment -damaged units always delay repairs. It is usually Impossible to recover damage costs from the carrier. Whenever possible describe the problems you are having with your motor brake on your shipping papers.

Return to:

FORCE CONTROL INDUSTRIES, INC. 3660 DIXIE HIGHWAY FAIRFIELD, OHIO 45014 Telephone: 513-868-0900

Fax: 513-868-2105

8-5 Posistop MODEL NUMBERS



REPAIR PARTS LIST

MB-180, MB-210 & MB-210L Posistop Motor Brake

REF. No.	PARTNAME	QT				
Δ2	Hub	1				
3	Piston	1				
8	Housing	1				
9	End Housing	•				
10	Piston Housing	•				
*12	Drive Plate					
	20 Lb. Ft.Static Torque	(
	30, 45, 60 and 90 Lb. Ft. Static Torque	4				
*13	Friction Disc					
	20 Lb. Ft.Static Torque	2				
	30, 45, 60 and 90 Lb. Ft. Static Torque	3				
*18	Drive Plate w/rivet (Vertical Units Only)					
	20 Lb. Ft.Static Torque	2				
	30, 45, 60 and 90 Lb. Ft. Static Torque	3				
*30	O-Ring	•				
*31	Oil Seal	•				
Δ *32	Wear Sleeve	•				
*34	O-Ring	•				
*36	Compression Spring					
	20 and 30 Lb. Ft. Static Torque	2				
	45 Lb. Ft. Static Torque	,				
	60 Lb. Ft. Static Torque	4				
	90 Lb. Ft. Static Torque	(
*39	O-Ring	•				
*40	O-Ring	2				
*42	Liner, I.D. Sealing	•				
*43	Liner, O.D. Sealing	•				
*45	Air Breather, 1/4" N.P.T.	•				
*46	Sight Gauge	1				
64	Square Hd. Magnetic Pipe Plug 1/8" N.P.T	1				
72	Socket Hd. Cap Screw	8				
73	Countersunk Pipe Plug, 1/8" N.P.T.	2				
74	Sq. Hd. Magnetic Pipe Plug, 1/4" N.P.T.	•				
75	Countersunk Pipe Plug 1/2' N.P.T.	•				
76	Reducer Bushing 1/2" x 1/4" N.P.T.	•				
Δ *81	Copper Washer	•				
Δ 94	Hub Locking Screw	1				
*104	O-Ring	6				
Δ 110	Collet	1				
126	Seal Washer	2				
128	Lockwasher	1				
152	Socket Hd. Cap Screw	4				
153	Socket Hd. Cap Screw	6				
158	Dowel Pin	1				

^{*} Indicates Parts Included in Overhaul Kit.

 $[\]Delta$ Indicates Part Included in Hub Replacement Kit.

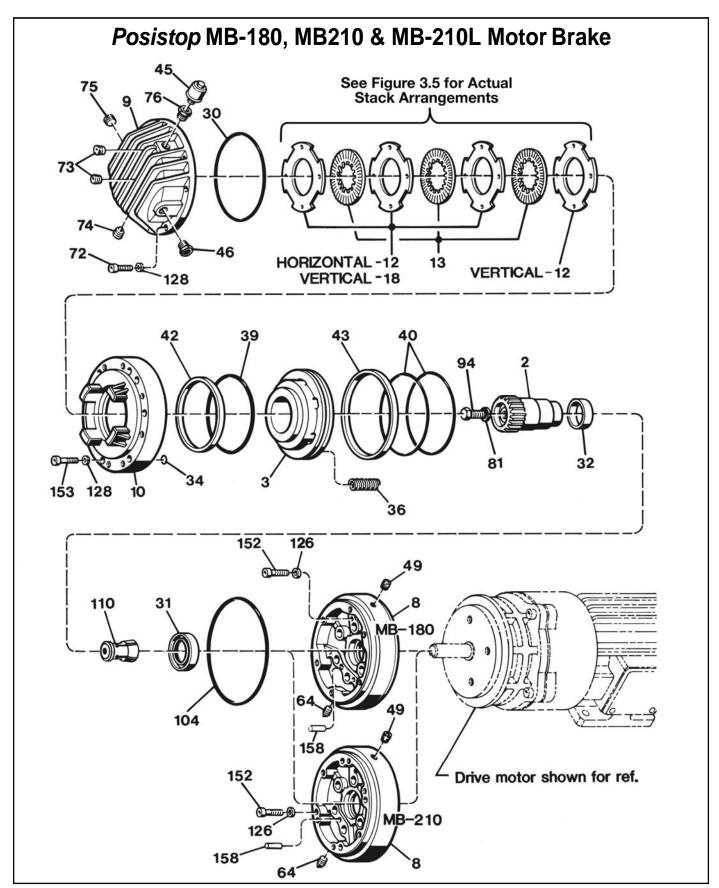
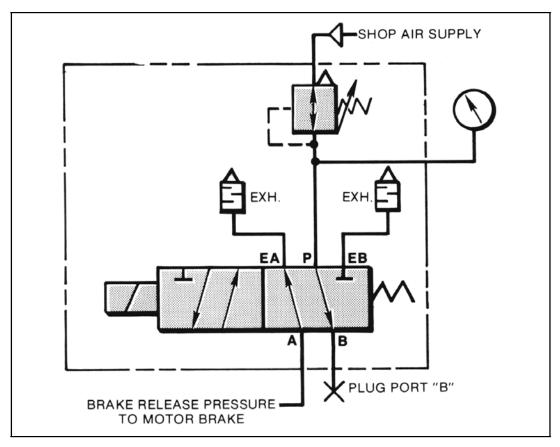


Figure 8.1 - Motor Brake Exploded View Drawing

TYPICAL PNEUMATIC CONTROL SYSTEM

PNEUMATIC SCHEMATIC



The above schematic illustrates a typical Pneumatic Control System for a *Posistop* Motor Brake. Valving to be 3/8" NPT minimum and located as close to the brake as possible.

See Page 4 for Brake Release Pressure.

FORCE CONTROL INDUSTRIES, INC.

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Providing today's industries with
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FORCE CONTROL INDUSTRIES, INC.

MAIN OFFICE

3660 Dixie Highway Fairfield, Ohio 45014

Tel: (513) 868-0900 Fax: (513) 868-2105

E-Mail: info@forcecontrol.com Web Site: www.forcecontrol.com